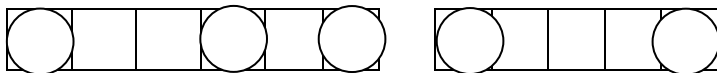


2022 Black History Month Word Scramble

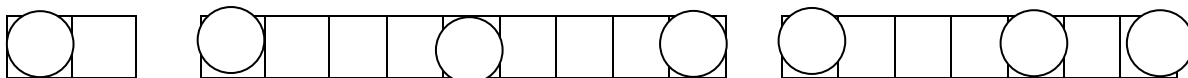
February is Black History Month. The theme for 2022 acknowledges the legacy of Black scholars, medical practitioners in Western medicine, and other ways of knowing (e.g., birthworkers, doulas, midwives, naturopaths, herbalists, etc.) throughout the African Diaspora. The theme also considers activities, rituals and initiatives that Black communities have done to be well. In order to foster good health and wellness Black people have embarked on self-determination, mutual aid, and social support initiatives to build hospitals, medical and nursing schools. Mindful of Audre Lorde’s words, we are doing more to move forward holistically for the betterment of ourselves, our bodies, our relationships, our communities, and our planet. When you are finished answering the clues, unscramble the circled letters to find the 2022 theme for Black History Month. (Answers at the bottom.)



1. She was one of the first Black female community organizers who fought to bring quality healthcare with dignity to children in the Central District and died of leukemia in 1969 at age 49.



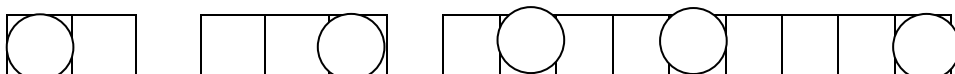
2. This African American woman is among the National Institutes of Health scientists and led the work to produce the Moderna COVID-19 vaccine.



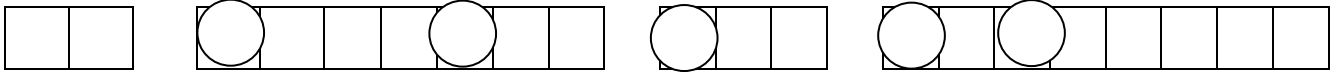
3. He was the son of a barber and founded the first black-owned hospital in America, and performed the world’s first successful heart surgery, in 1893.



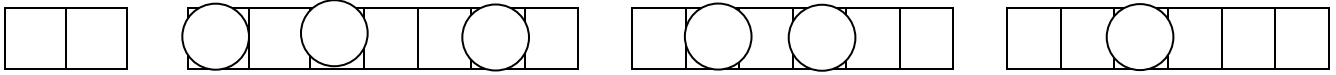
4. He was the medical director of the Odessa Brown Children’s Clinic from 1999 to 2020, where he then resigned and spoke out about prevalent institutional racism and a resistance to change among hospital leaders.



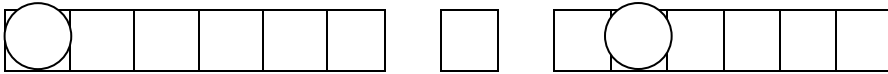
5. She was the first African American female doctor in the U.S. and, in 1883, she wrote a medical guidebook, *Book of Medical Discourses*, which provided advice for women on the health care of their families.



6. He earned his medical degree in 1897 from Boston University and became the first African American psychiatrist, who went on to translate much of Alois Alzheimer's study on dementia into English.



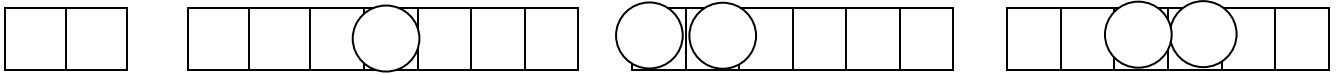
7. He was an African American laboratory supervisor who developed a procedure used to treat blue baby syndrome (now known as cyanotic heart disease) in the 1940s and served as supervisor of the surgical laboratories at Johns Hopkins for 35 years.



8. Founded in 1876 as the Medical Department of Central Tennessee College, it was the first medical school for African Americans in the south, affiliated with the United Methodist Church, and located in Nashville, Tennessee.



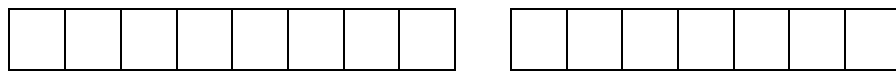
9. Born in 1939, this pediatrician became the first Black woman to direct a Public Health Service Bureau and whose groundbreaking research on sickle cell disease resulted in nationwide screening programs for children at birth.



10. Considered a trailblazer for oncology, she was the first Black American woman to be named associate dean of a medical school and contributed essential findings to the understanding of cancer and the study of chronic diseases.



Unscramble the circled letters for the 2022 Black History Month theme.



Answers to 2022 Black History Month Scramble

2022 Theme – Black health and wellness through education and activism.

- 1.) Odessa Brown; 2.) Dr. Kizzmekia Corbett; 3.) Dr. Daniel H. Williams; 4.) Dr. Ben Danielson;
- 5.) Dr. Rebecca Lee Crumpler; 6.) Dr. Solomon Carter Fuller; 7.) Vivien T. Thomas; 8.)
- Meharry Medical College; 9.) Dr. Marilyn Hughes Gaston; 10.) Dr. Jane Cooke Wright

Created by Karen M. Winston, 2022, for AgeWise